



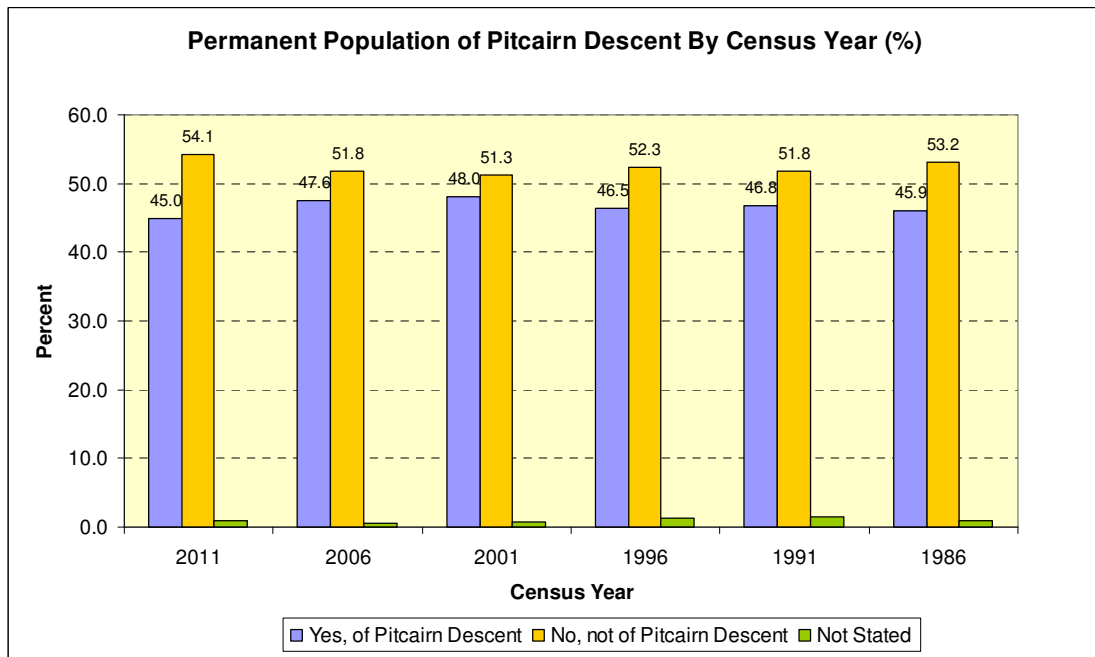
Addendum to the Norfolk Island 2011 Census Report

Reference is made to the Norfolk Island 2011 Census Report of 30th November 2011. Upon review of the 2011 Census Data, this addendum dated 17th January 2012 has been prepared in order to:

1. **Amend** figure 2.14 of page 16 of the published Norfolk Island 2011 Census Report to allow for a cohesive comparison between census years. Amendment is also made to table B3.04 of the basic tabulation to reflect this comparison. The amendments reflected as “figure 2.14a”, “figure 2.14b” below and “basic table 3.4a” now supersede “figure 2.14” and “basic table B3.4” of the published report of the Norfolk Island 2011 Census.
2. **Justify** the relevance for the amendment and to identify policy implications for development and way forward.

As in previous censuses, the 2011 Census asked a question relating to Pitcairn descent. In previous censuses, the answers to this question were displayed in tables relating to the “permanent population” (comprising Residents and General Entry Permit Holders as defined in the *Immigration Act 1980*). In ensuring that this is comparable to the 2011 Census, figure 2.14a includes the 2011 “permanent population”, derived by subtracting all Temporary Entry Permit (TEP) holders as defined in the *Immigration Act 1980* and Others (itinerant population), and assuming that none of these are of Pitcairn descent. The graph indicates that, in 2011, 45.0 percent of the permanent population are of Pitcairn descent and 54.1 percent are not of Pitcairn descent. The responses between 1986 and 2011 Censuses remain consistent with minimal differences in proportions.

Figure 2.14a: Distribution of Permanent Population¹ of Pitcairn Descent, All Ages



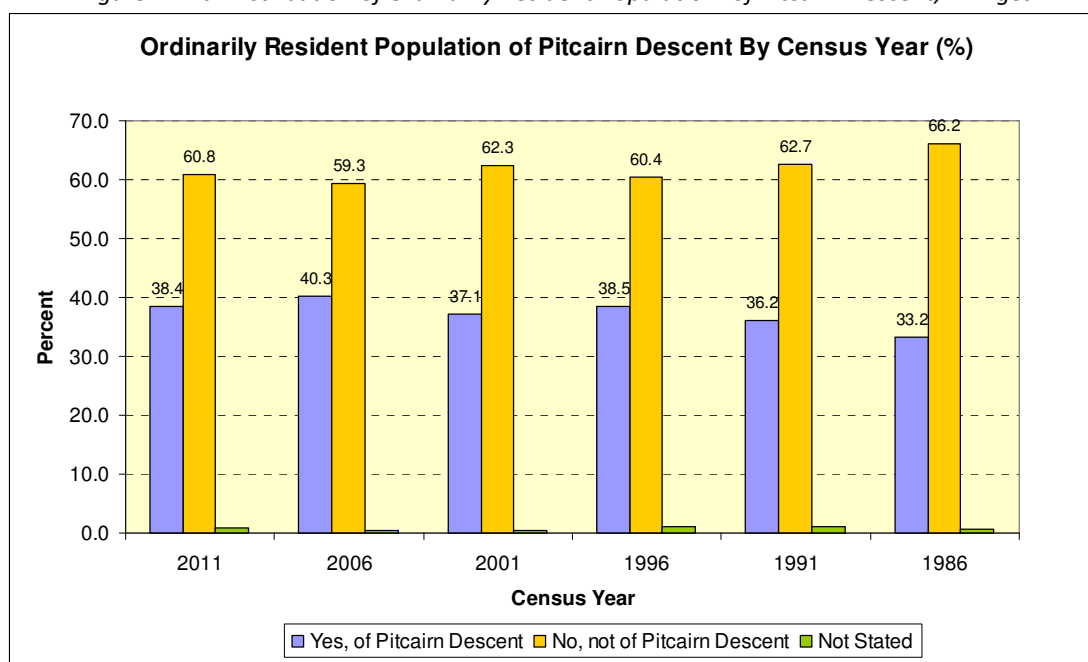
For the first time, the 2011 Census focuses on the Pitcairn descent of the “ordinarily resident population” rather than the “permanent population” of previous Censuses. The “ordinarily

¹ Excluding Temporary Entry Permit Holders (TEPs) as defined by the *Immigration Act 1980*; and Others, which may include secondment officers

resident population” comprises the “permanent population” as well as TEP holders and others.

In ensuring that the 2011 Census figures relating to the “ordinarily resident population” are comparable to the previous censuses, all TEP holders and Others (itinerant population) are added to the “permanent population” and none are assumed to be of Pitcairn descent. Figure 2.14b indicates that, at the time of the 2011 Census, 38.4 percent of ordinarily resident population were of Pitcairn descent and 60.8 percent were not of Pitcairn descent. As in figure 2.14a, the responses between 1986 and 2011 censuses remain consistent with minimal differences in proportions.

Figure 2.14b: Distribution of Ordinarily Resident Population² of Pitcairn Descent, All Ages



The provision of basic goods and services to the Norfolk Island community (e.g. education, health care, and infrastructure) are most appropriately related to the “ordinarily resident population” (i.e. including TEP holders) who live, work and go to school on Norfolk Island. Observations of the social and economic characteristics of the total population living on Norfolk Island are therefore considered to be of greater relevance than observations of the total population living on Norfolk Island minus all the TEP holders.

² Including Permanent Population (comprising Residents and General Entry Permit holders) and Itinerant Population (comprising Temporary Entry Permits and Others).